

TB CLINICAL ASSESSMENT

REQUIRED IF YOU ANSWERED "YES" TO ANY TB QUESTION ON THE APPLICATION FOR ADMISSIONS

(Must be completed by a Healthcare Professional in the United States)

In compliance with Section 199.290 of the Missouri Revised Statute, due to answering yes to at least one Tuberculosis Screening Questions on the Jefferson College Application for Admissions, Jefferson College requires that you provide documentation of PPF tuberculin test or IGRA test within the past 12 months, completed in the United States, prior to enrolling in a subsequent semester. You may send us documentation from your physician or county health department. See submission instructions below.

Student Name:	Student ID:
1. Does the patient have a history of a positive TB skin test or IGRA blood test? \Box YES \Box NO (If YES, please document below.)	
2. Does the patient have a history	of BCG vaccination? YES NO (If YES, administer an IGRA blood test.)
3. TB Symptoms Check: Does the patient have signs or sym (If NO, proceed to 4 or 5; If YES, che	ptoms of active pulmonary tuberculosis disease? Peck as applicable below):
 □ Coughing up blood (hemoptysis) □ Chest pain □ Loss of appetite □ Unexplained weight loss □ Night sweats □ Fever □ Other: 	to exclude active tuberculosis disease including tuberculin skin testing, chest x-ray,
-	ST). TST results should be recorded as actual millimeters (mm) of induration, on, write "0." The TST interpretation* should be based on mm of induration as well
Date Given://	Date Read// Interpretation: positivenegative Date Read// Interpretation: positivenegative
5. Interferon Gamma Release Assa	y (IGRA)
Date Obtained:// Result: Negative Positive	(specify method) QFT-GIT T-Spot Other Indeterminate Borderline (T-Spot Only)
Date Obtained://	(specify method) QFT-GIT T-Spot Other Indeterminate Borderline (T-Spot Only)

^{*}Interpretations should be based on the Interpretation Guidelines provided on the following page.

6. Chest X-Ray (Required if TST or IGRA is Positive) Result: Normal_____ Abnormal Date of X-Ray: ____/____/ Any person with a positive TST or IGRA with no signs of active disease on chest x-ray should receive a recommendation to be treated for latent TB with appropriate medication. Persons in the following groups are at an increased risk of progression from latent TB to TB disease and should be prioritized to begin treatment as soon as is possible: • Infected with HIV Infected within the past two years with M. tuberculosis • History of untreated or inadequately treated TB disease, including persons with fibrotic changes on chest radiograph consistent with prior TB disease Receiving immunosuppressive therapy such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF) antagonists, systemic corticosteroids equivalent to/greater than 15mg of prednisone per day, or immunosuppressive drug therapy following organ Diagnosed with silicosis, diabetes mellitus, chronic renal failure, leukemia, or cancer of the head, neck, or lung Had a gastrectomy or jejunoileal bypass • Weigh less than 90% of ideal body weight • Cigarette smokers and person who abuse drugs and/or alcohol • Member of a population defined locally as having an increased incidence of disease due to M. tuberculosis, including the medically underserved and low-income Patient agrees to receive treatment ____ Patient declines treatment ____ **Signature of Healthcare Professional** Date

PLEASE RETURN COMPLETED CLINICAL ASSESSMENT TO:

Mail: Office of Enrollment Services, 1000 Viking Drive, Hillsboro, MO 63050

In-Person: Hillsboro Campus - SC First Floor, Enrollment Services; Arnold Campus - First Floor, Enrollment Services

Counter; or Imperial Campus - Main Office

Email: register@jeffco.edu

TST Interpretation Guidelines

> 5 mm is positive if:

- Recent close contact of an individual with infectious TB;
- Fibrotic changes on a prior chest x-ray, consistent with past TB disease;
- Organ transplant recipient or otherwise immunosuppressed (including receiving equivalent of >15 mg/d of prednisone for > 1 month); or
- HIV infection.

> 10 mm is positive if:

- Recent arrival to the U.S. (< 5 years) from a high prevalence area or residence for a significant amount of time in a high prevalence area (see answers to questionnaire);
- Injected drug user;
- Employment as mycobacteriology laboratory personnel;
- Resident, employee, or volunteer in a high-risk congregate setting;
- Medical condition that increases the risk of progression to TB diseases including silicosis, diabetes mellitus, chronic renal failure, certain types of cancer (leukemias and lymphomas cancer of the head, neck or lung), gastrectomy or jejunoileal bypass, and weight loss of at least 10% below ideal body weight)

>15 mm is positive if:

• No known risk factors for TB and only tested because required by law or regulation.